Warranty

We warrant our products against defects in materials or workmanship for a period of three (3) years from the date of purchase.

In the event of a defect during the warranty period, the unit should be returned, freight (and all duties and taxes) prepaid by the Buyer to the authorised distributor from where the unit was purchased.

The Distributor, at its option, will repair or replace the defective unit. The unit will be returned to the Buyer with freight charges prepaid by the distributor.

LIMITATION OF WARRANTY

The foregoing warranty shall not apply to defects resulting from:

- 1. Improper or inadequate maintenance by the buyer.
- 2. Unauthorised modification or misuse.
- 3. Operation outside the environmental specification of the product.
- 4. Mishandling or abuse.

The warranty set forth above is exclusive and no other warranty, whether written or oral is expressed or implied. We specifically disclaim the implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose.

EXCLUSIVE REMEDIES

The remedies provided herein are the buyer's sole and exclusive remedies.

In no event shall we be liable for direct, indirect, incidental or consequential damages (including loss of profits) whether based on contract, tort or any other legal theory.

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Separate manuals for options

Alarm option settings

Analogue output option settings

Serial output option settings

See Analogue manual *

See Serial manual *

Real Time Clock setting

See Serial manual *

^{*} Need a manual urgently?
You can download manuals from our website

Warnings

Please carefully read this manual and all warnings. Install the display ONLY when you are sure that you've covered all aspects.



Where the product is intended for "UL" installations, removal or addition of option boards is not permitted.



Check that the model number and supply voltage suit your application before you install the display.



Connect the display according to current IEE regulations, IEC61010 & NFPA:70 National Electric Code in USA.



Power supplies to this equipment must have anti-surge (T) fuses rated at 1A for 230V supply, 2A for 110V supply, 5A for 48VAC supply or 10A for 11-30VDC.



Don't touch any circuitry after you have connected the display, because there may be lethal voltages on the circuit board.



Do not apply power to the display if its case is open.



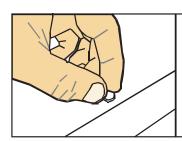
Only adjust on-board switches or connections with the power turned off



Make sure all screw terminals are tight before you switch the meter on.



Only clean the display's case and window with a soft damp cloth. Only lightly dampen with water. Do not use any other solvents.



Rear case screws - please note

The rear panel is held in place with finger-screws, which only need to be gently tightened.

Do not use tools to tighten or loosen the screws, as this could cause damage to the internal threads.

Safety FirstDon't assume anything...... Always double check. If in doubt, ask someone who is QUALIFIED to assist you in the subject.

Introduction

Please contact us if you need help, if you have a complaint, or if you have suggestions to help us improve our products or services.

If you contact us about a product you already have, please tell us the full model number and serial number, so that we can give you accurate and fast help.

This product has a 3 year warranty. We will put right or replace any display which is faulty because of bad workmanship or materials. This warranty does not cover damage caused by misuse or accident.

If you return a unit for repair, please include a detailed description of the problem, and the name of a contact who we can refer to for any questions. Please mark for the attention of the QA Department.

<u>IMPORTANT</u>

If this equipment is important to your process, you may want to buy a spare to cover possible failure or accidental damage in the future.

This is because during factory shutdown periods, you may have to to wait several weeks for an equivalent replacement, or we may have no stock at the time you urgently need it.

You may also need to pay extra carriage charges if you want a fast, guaranteed courier service. Warranty repairs or replacements are usually returned with a standard courier service.

We do not offer compensation for losses caused by failure of this instrument.

If you do not agree with these conditions, please return this item in unused condition, in its original packaging and we will refund the purchase price, excluding any carriage paid.

We thought you'd prefer to know about possible delays and extra charges now, rather than during a panic. A spare unit could help to avoid these issues.

We always try to improve our products and services, so these may change over time. You should keep this manual safely, because future manuals, for new designs, may not describe this product accurately.

We believe these instructions are accurate, and that we have competently designed and manufactured the product, but please let us know if you find any errors.

General Description

This series of displays accepts industrial sensors to allow various physical measurements to be made, such a weight, temperature, pressure, humidity etc. Different models are available for different sensor types.

The main function of this series is to give a clear numeric readout of the variable being monitored. Most models include an excitation power output, to power the sensor directly.

Various digit heights are available, to suit the maximum viewing distance required in each installation. For every 10 metres of viewing distance required, use 1" of digit height.

Various optional output modules are also available to give alarm relay outputs, analogue output or digital communications, or any combination of these options.

Displays are programmed using front panel pushbuttons. The front panel buttons can be disabled. In addition, you can connect 4 remote wired pushbuttons to the display, so that you can make adjustments while the display is mounted in an inaccessible location.

Power supply options: 100-240 VAC, 48VAC or 11-30VDC

These displays must be installed fully assembled, and must be installed according to local electrical installation rules.

When properly installed, and provided they have been ordered with cable glands exiting the lower surface of the case, they provide ingress protection to IP65 / NEMA4X from all directions.

Safety



Caution: There is a risk of electrical shock if this display is not properly installed

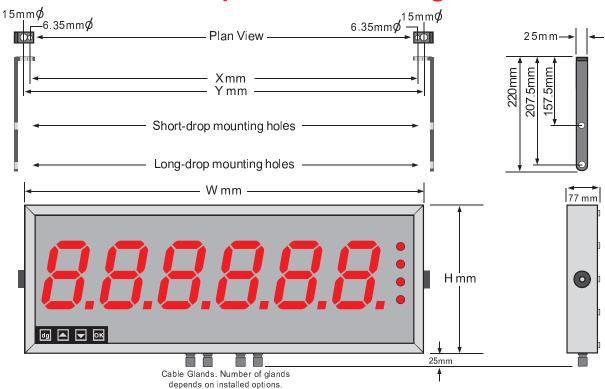


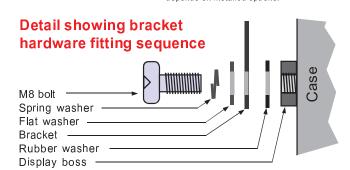
Caution: Risk of danger: Read the whole manual before you install this display

Obey all safety warnings in this manual, and install the display according to local wiring and installation regulations. Failure to follow these guidelines may cause damage to the display, connected equipment, or may be harmful to personnel.

Any moving mechanical device controlled by this equipment must have suitable access guards to prevent injury to personnel if the display should fail.

Suspension Mounting dimensions



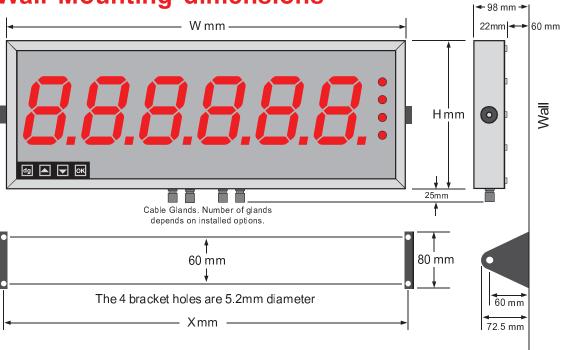


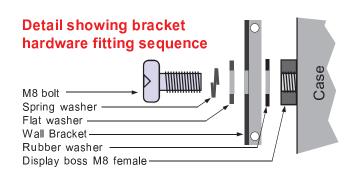
You can order these displays with the cable glands in the bottom surface (as shown) the rear, or top.

Rear glands allow you to mount the display on top of a cubicle, using the brackets shown.

Display Format	X mm	H mm	W mm	Ymm
2" 4 digit clock	245	154.5	291	275
2" 4 digit numeric	233.5	154.5	279.5	263.5
2" 6 digit clock	354	154.5	400	384
2" 6 digit numeric	330	154.5	376	360
4" 4 digit clock	407	195.5	453	437
4" 4 digit numeric	388	195.5	434	418
4" 6 digit clock	607	195.5	653	637
4" 6 digit numeric	570	195.5	616	600
6" 4 digit	534	246	580	564
6" 6 digit	774	246	820	804
8" 4 digit	704	290	750	734
8" 6 digit	1026	290	1072	1056
12" 4 digit	1004	408	1050	1034
12" 6 digit	1494	408	1540	1524
16" 4 digit	1322	515	1368	1352
16" 6 digit	1974	515	2020	2004

Wall Mounting dimensions

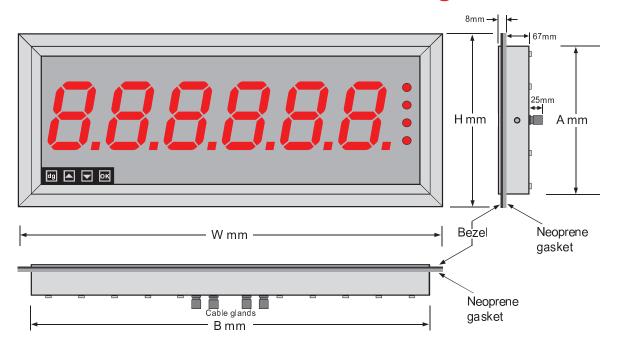




The side holes in the two brackets are 8.5mm dia. to accept M8 bolts.

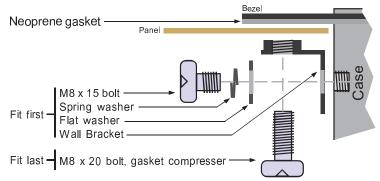
Display Format	X mm	H mm	W mm
2" 4 digit clock	292	154.5	291
2" 4 digit numeric	280.5	154.5	279.5
2" 6 digit clock	401	154.5	400
2" 6 digit numeric	377	154.5	376
4" 4 digit clock	454	195.5	453
4" 4 digit numeric	435	195.5	434
4" 6 digit clock	654	195.5	653
4" 6 digit numeric	617	195.5	616
6" 4 digit	581	246	580
6" 6 digit	821	246	820
8" 4 digit	751	290	750
8" 6 digit	1073	290	1072
12" 4 digit	1051	408	1050
12" 6 digit	1541	408	1540
16" 4 digit	1369	515	1368
16" 6 digit	2021	515	2020

Panel mounting dimensions



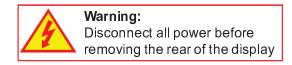
Panel cutout dimensions A+3mm(h) x B+3mm(w)

Detail showing bracket hardware fitting sequence

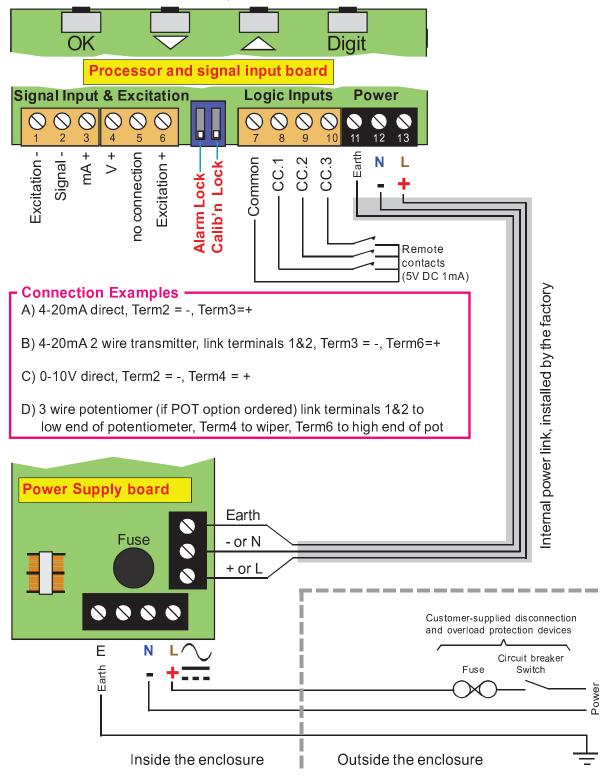


Display Format	H mm	A mm	B mm	Wmm
2" 4 digit clock	172.5	154.5	291	309
2" 4 digit numeric	172.5	154.5	279.5	297.5
2" 6 digit clock	172.5	154.5	400	418
2" 6 digit numeric	172.5	154.5	376	394
4" 4 digit clock	213.5	195.5	453	471
4" 4 digit numeric	213.5	195.5	434	452
4" 6 digit clock	213.5	195.5	653	671
4" 6 digit numeric	213.5	195.5	616	634
6" 4 digit	264	246	580	598
6" 6 digit	264	246	820	838
8" 4 digit	308	290	750	768
8" 6 digit	308	290	1072	1090
12" 4 digit	426	408	1050	1068
12" 6 digit	426	408	1540	1558
16" 4 digit	533	515	1368	1386
16" 6 digit	533	515	2020	2038

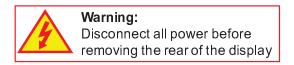
Connections

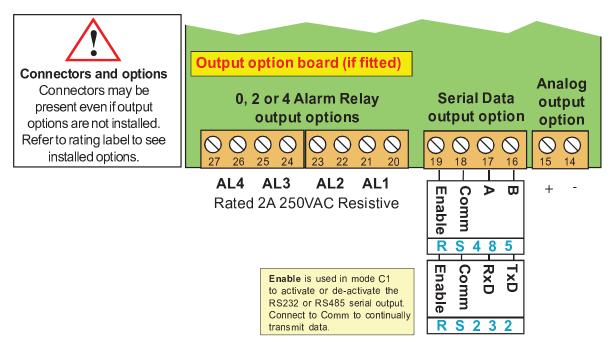


There is a wide range of possible locations for the input board, output board and power supply board/s. Their locations depend on the height of digits, number of digits, brightness of digits and any installed options. Because the permutation of possible locations is large, we will not describe the location of boards within the display, but simply identify the connectors and their functions on each board, below ...



Connections

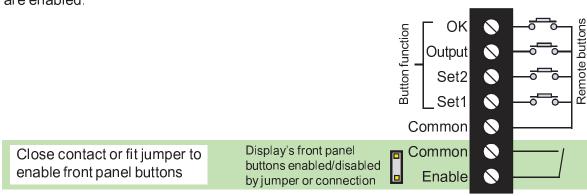


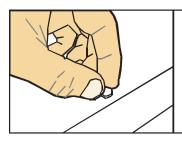


Remote programming button connector

On one of the display boards, you will find a 7 way connector, to which you can wire remote programming buttons, to allow adjustment of the display's settings when the display is inaccessible.

You can also enable or disable the display's front panel buttons, either by a remote contact closure, or by an on-board push-on jumper switch, which is located near to the remote button connector. When the contact is closed, or the push-on switch fitted, the front buttons are enabled.





Rear case screws - please note

The rear panel is held in place with finger-screws, which only need to be gently tightened.

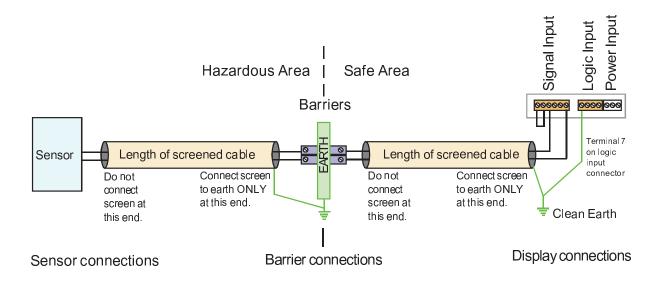
Do not use tools to tighten or loosen the screws, as this could cause damage to the internal threads.

Installation hints for best performance

This section offers several suggestions which will help you get the best performance from your measurement system.

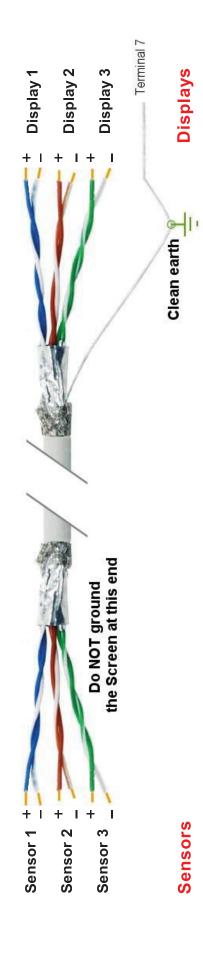
Some sensors generate comparitively small signals which can easily be corrupted by the potentially high level of electrical noise which can be created by electrical machinery such as motors, welding systems, discharge lighting, AC power inverters and solenoids. These steps will ensure you get the best possible performance from your system.

- Use good quality screened signal cable, with twisted pairs. Belden 8777NH, Belden 9503 and AlphaWire 6010C are good choices, available from many electrical distributors.
- 2. If you are using multi-pair twisted cable, each pair should be dedicated to a single display as shown opposite, for maximum noise immunity. This will ensure that any electrical noise induced in the cable is properly cancelled. Mixing destinations carelessly amongst the twisted pairs can actually worsen noise performance.
- The cable should be routed away from noisy wiring and devices such as power feeds from inverters, discharge-lighting cables, welder cabling etc, and should preferrably be routed in a dedicated low voltage signalling/instrumentation conduit or cable tray.
- 4. Screened cable should be earthed at the display end only.
- 5. All wires and screens coming out of the screened cable should be kept as short as possible to minimise pickup of noise.
- 6. If you are using barriers, you should earth your screen as shown below, paying particular care that you do not earth both ends of any run of of cable.



When using multi-core screened cable to connect several displays to several sensors, please be sure to use one twisted pair for each display and sensor.

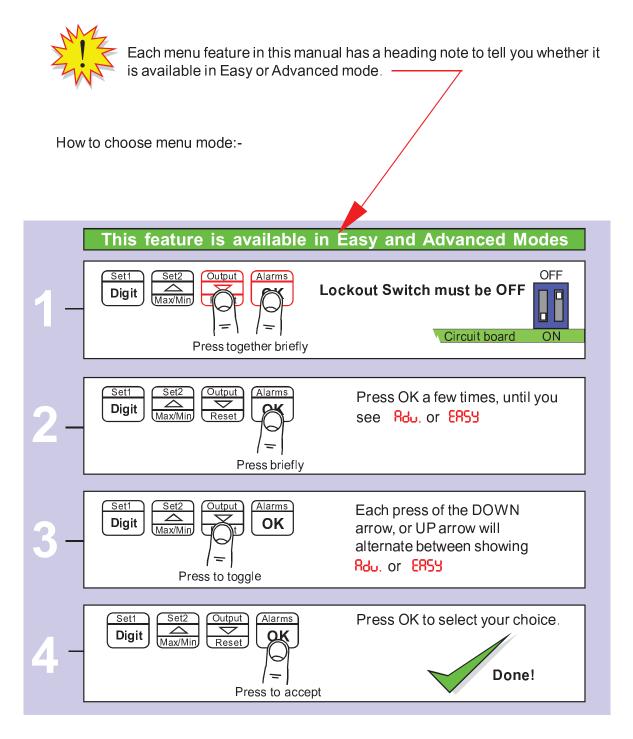
Do NOT use a wire from one pair for signal positive and a wire from another pair for signal negative, as this will prevent the twisted cables form cancelling any induced electrical noise.



Easy or Advanced menu mode

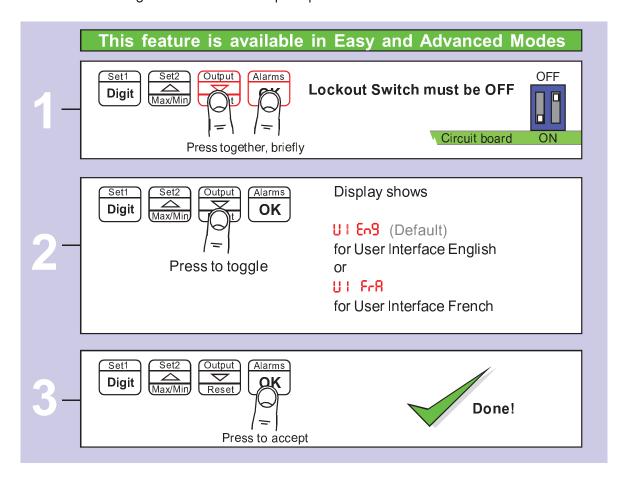
You can choose from two menu modes.

- **1. Easy Mode** This limits the menu to the most commonly required features, in order to make it less complex and easier to navigate. This is the default level.
- 2. Advanced Mode This gives you access to all available menu features.



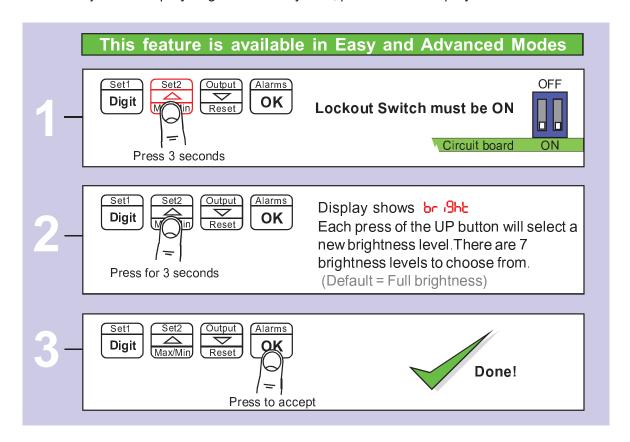
Language Selection for user interface

You can select English or French menu prompts.



Display Brightness

You can adjust the display brightness at any time, provided the display is locked.





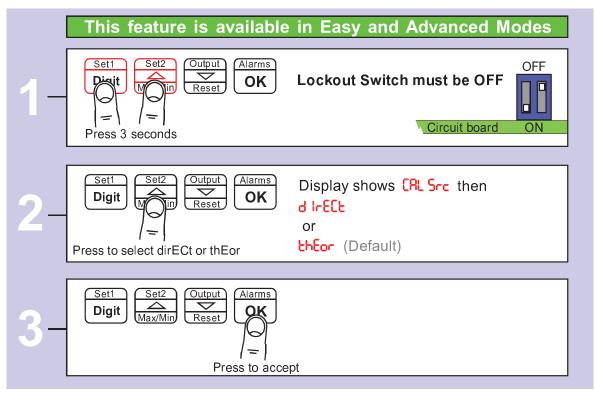
Did you know, we make this display in two brightness versions? Standard brightness for use inside, and Daylight Viewing for use outside in direct sunlight. The Daylight Viewing version has suffix -DLV in its part number.

Meter Calibration Modes

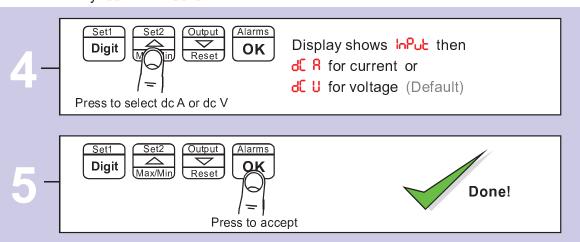
You can choose from two main calibration methods.

- **1. Direct Calibration** this is when you connect the meter to your system and make the meter read what you want it to, at 2 different points. *This is the preferred calibration method, because it allows you to calibrate the system as a whole.*
- **2. Theoretical Calibration** this is when you type in the sensor's theoretical signal level at the bottom and top of its range and then type in the value the display should show, for each signal level.

How to choose a calibration method:-



If you chose Theoretical, you will now be asked whether your input signal will be DC Current or DC voltage ... the display will show laPut followed by dt R or dt U



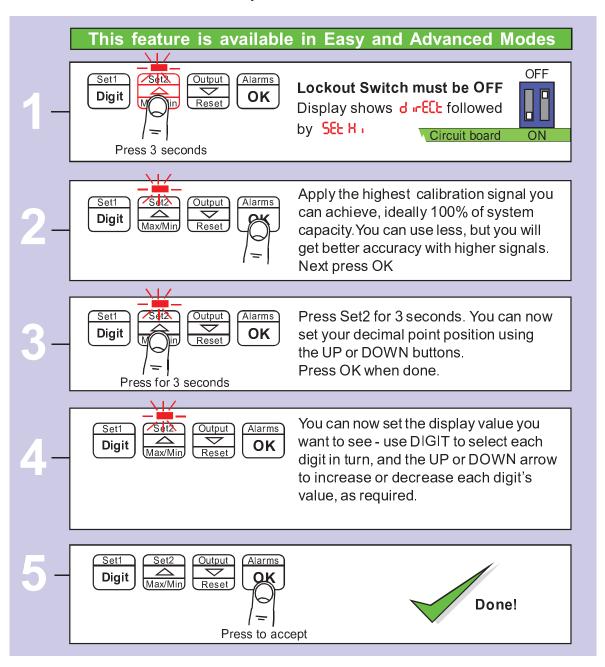
Direct Calibration - Full Scale Setting

This is when you connect the meter to your system and make the meter read what you want it to, at 2 different points. This is the preferred calibration method, because it allows you to calibrate the system as a whole.

How to do direct calibration:-

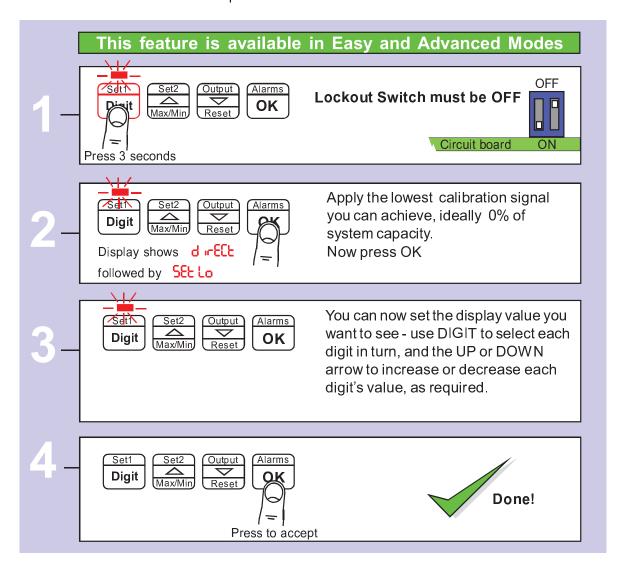
If you have not done so before, please select Direct Calibration mode from the previous page.

First we recommend you set the **FULL SCALE** calibration ...



Direct Calibration - Zero Setting

How to calibrate the **ZERO** point.



You can set Zero first, if you prefer, but you will not be able to change the decimal point position in the ZERO calibration step.

This will not be an issue if your zero calibration reading is 0, but may become confusing otherwise.

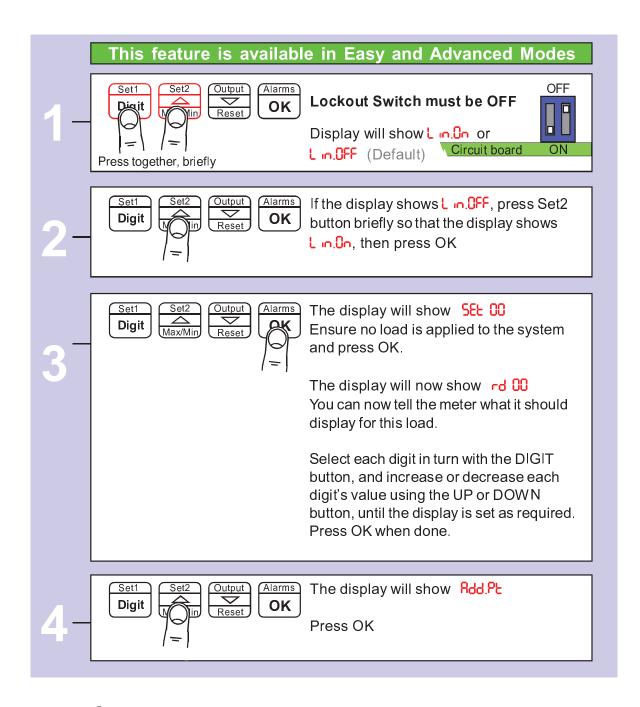
When you have finished your calibration, please remember to put the calibration lockout switch in its ON position, to protect your settings.

Linearisation with Direct Calibration

If your system is non linear, you can calibrate the meter and correct for this with the lineariser function.

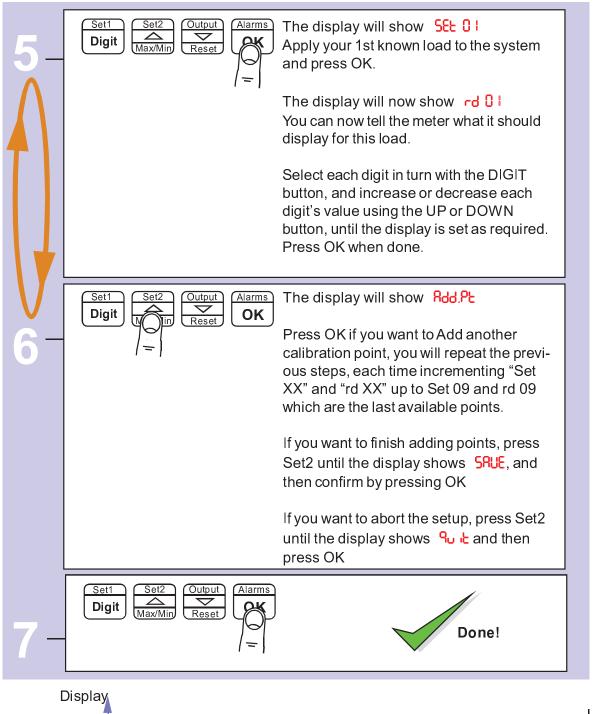
You will need to apply a series of known loads, starting at 0 and working up to full scale. You will then tell the meter what it should read for each applied load. You can use up to 10 points.

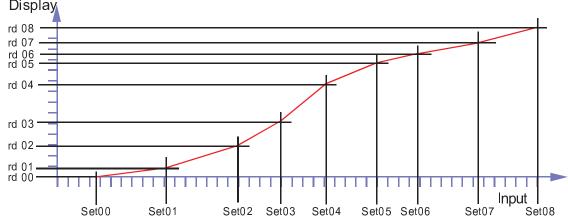
First, you must select Direct Calibration Mode (see page on calibration Modes) Then, proceed as shown below...



Continued ...

Linearisation with Direct Calibration - cont'd.





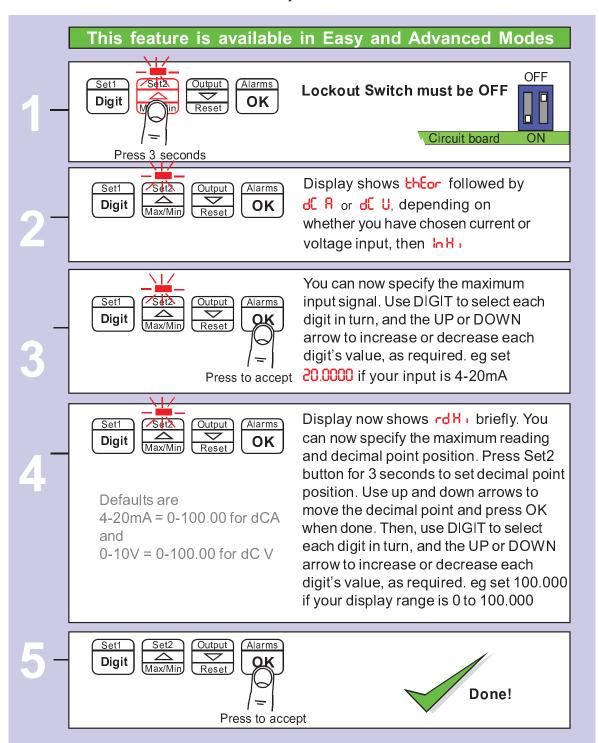
Theoretical Cal. - Decimal Point & Full Scale

This is when you type in the sensor's theoretical signal level at the top and bottom of its range and the value to display, for each signal level.



If you have not done so before, please select Theoretical Calibration mode from the **Meter Calibration** page AND choose whether your input is current or voltage.

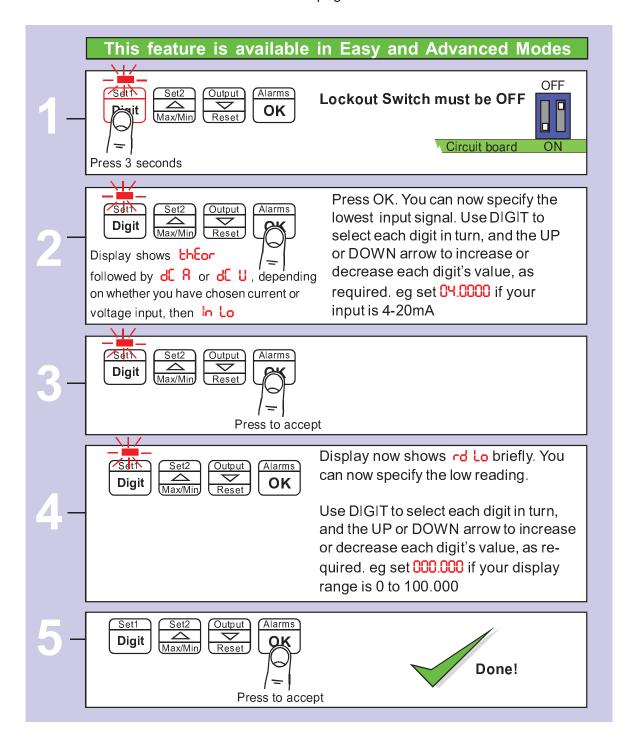
First we recommend you set the **FULL SCALE** calibration ...



Theoretical Calibration - Low end calibration

This is when you type in the sensor's theoretical signal level at the top and bottom of its range and the value to display, for each signal level.

If you have not done so before, please select Theoretical Calibration mode from the **Meter Calibration** page.



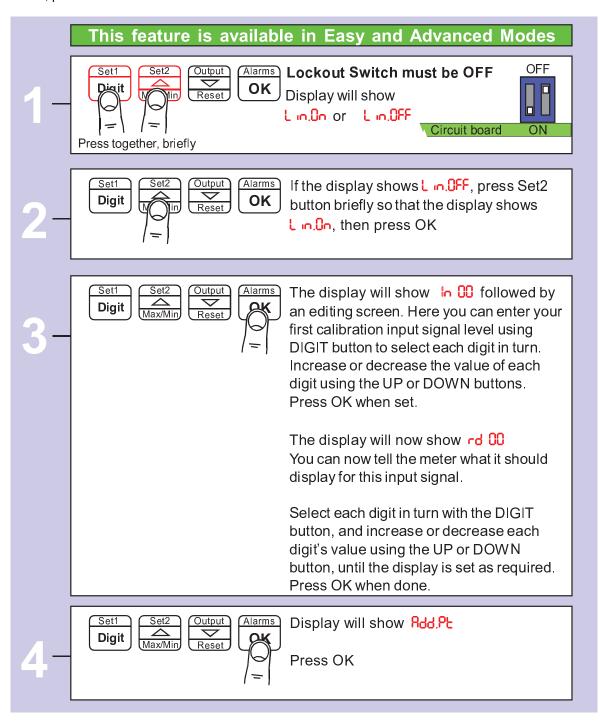
You can set Zero first, if you prefer, but you will not be able to change the decimal point position in the ZERO calibration step. This will not be an issue if your zero calibration reading is 0, but may become confusing otherwise.

Linearisation with Theoretical Cal.

If your system is non linear, you can calibrate the meter and correct for this with the lineariser function.

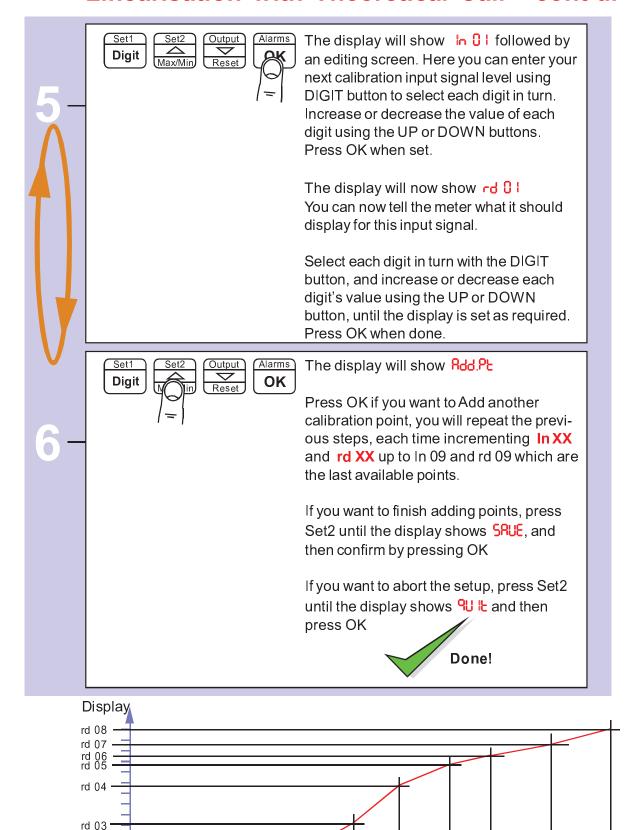
With this method, you can enter theoretical values for input signal and display values, without having to connect a sensor.

First, you must select Theoretical Calibration Mode (see page on calibration Modes) Then, proceed as shown below...



Continued ...

Linearisation with Theoretical Cal. - cont'd.



In03

In₀₄

In05

In06

In02

rd 02 rd 01 rd 00

In00

In01

In08

Input

In 07

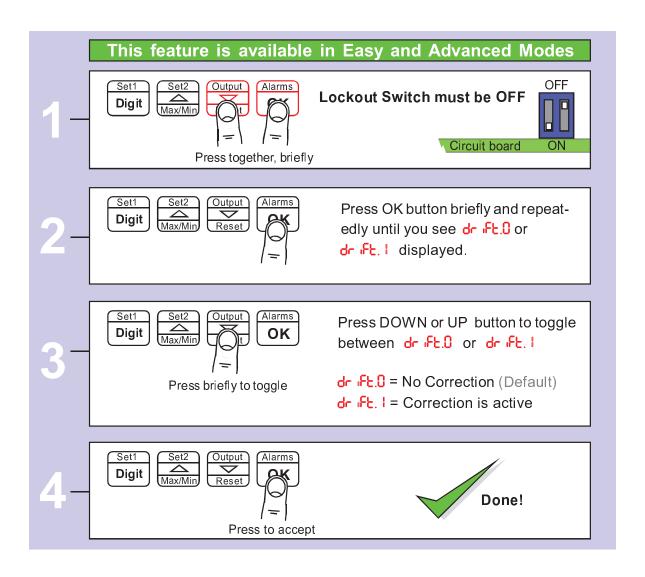
Sensor Drift correction

If your system is normally reading 0, for example as is typical with platform scales or a torque meter, you may find a small amount of sensor drift caused by changes in temperature, ageing etc.

We can automatically correct for slow, long term drift, by comparing your signal to 0 every 30 seconds, and re-calibrating to remove any detected movement.

This does not affect the sensititivity of your system, and is only applied for readings less than 8 least-significant counts.

The corrected value is stored in non-volatile memory, so that any drift trend will be re-applied after you have switched off the meter.



Logic input functions

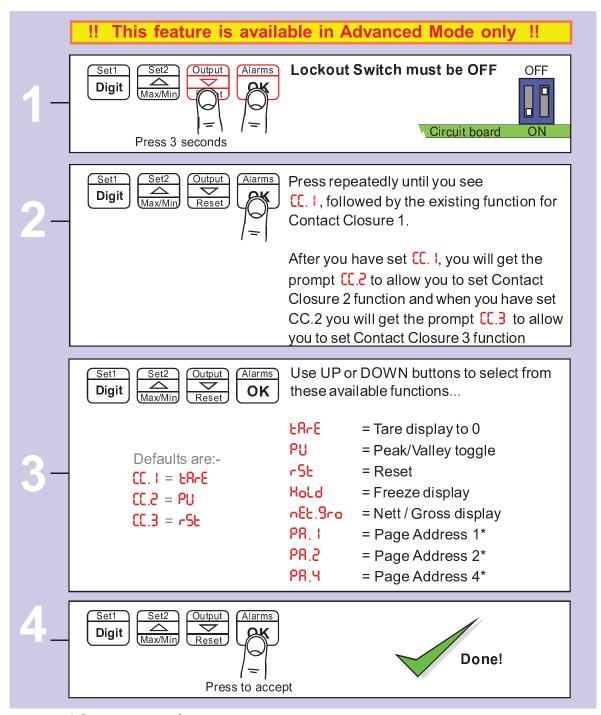
The three contact closure inputs on the rear of the meter have default functions which are:-

Contact closure 1 = Tare

Contact closure 2 = Peak/Valley display

Contact closure 3 = Reset

You can re-assign these to include: HOLD, Nett/Gross value display, Memory page address 1,2 or 4 (only if Multi-memory MEM option is installed)



^{*} Only available if the Multi-memory MEM option is installed

Logic input connections and front buttons

The previous page explained how to select the functions of the 3 logic inputs. You can connect remote contact closures or open NPN collectors to activate these logic inputs.

The logic input provides a 5V DC signal. When you connect this to common, a current of 1mA will flow. Because this is a small signal, we recommend you use switches with gold plated contacts, or self cleaning contacts, for best long term reliability.

The logic inputs are not galvanically isolated from the input signal.

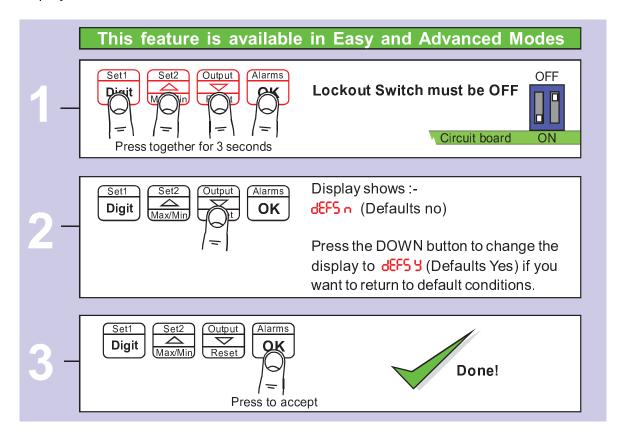
The logic inputs are only activated when the lockout switch is ON OFF Signal I/P & Excitation **Logic Inputs Power** ON Normally open (disables front Showing Gross value (flashing) panel Tare, Peak/Valley and Showing Nett value (steady) Reset buttons) Normally closed (this enables Showing Valley Showing Peak front panel Tare, Peak Valley and Reset buttons also) Or simply link NPN (could be opto-isolators if you need the logic control lines to Ala ms Output be galvanically isolated from the Digit OK input signal.)

- Tares display to 0. Often used in weighing systems to zero a display prior to making a measurement. Net weight is shown once tared. When a display has been tared the small LED above the Set1 button will be illuminated.
- PU = Peak/Valley toggle. Allows you to view the maximum and minimum values which have been displayed since last reset. 0% LED illuminates when showing valley, 100% LED illuminates when showing peak.
- = Reset. This clears any tare, peak, valley, alarm latch
- Hold = Freezes the displayed value for as long as the Hold input is closed
- nEt.9ro = Allows you to toggle between Nett and Gross values on the display
- **PR. I** .. **Y** = Page Addresses, if MEM option is installed.

Factory Defaults

You can return the display to its factory default conditions whenever you wish. If you do so, you will permanently loose all your settings and will need to start from the beginning again.

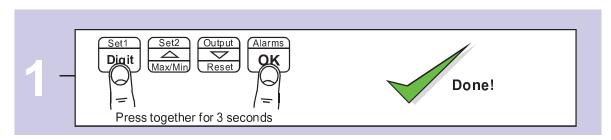
The calibration Audit Counter will NOT be reset, there is no way provided to reset this value, as it is intended as a secure record to indicate whether changes have been made to the display since it was last calibrated..



Calibration audit number

Your display includes a non-resettable counter which increments each time you make a change to the display's calibration. This is useful if you want to check whether a display has been altered since it was last calibrated.

The Calibration audit number starts at CRL 01 up to CRL FF allowing up to 255 alterations to be recorded. Whenever you want to check the calibration audit number, press and hold the 2 outer buttons (Set1 + Alarms) for more than 3 seconds.

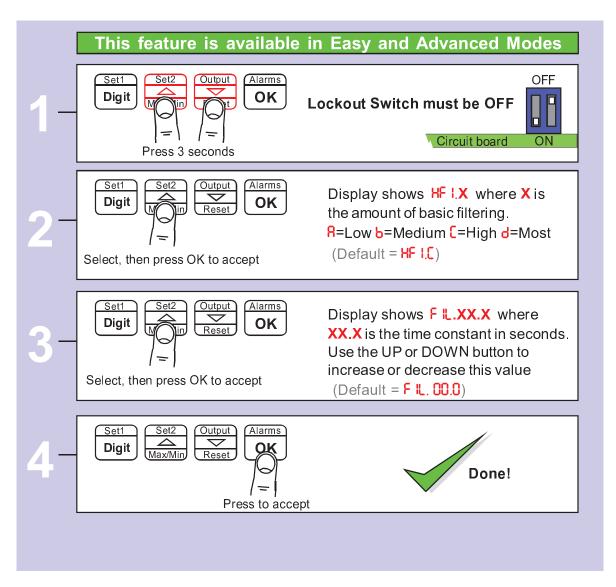


Signal Filtering / Averaging

You can adjust the filtering time constant to reduce the effect of noise or instability on your input signal.

A larger FIL value will give a more stable display, but the response to signal changes will be slower.

Because your output options, such as analogue output, alarm relays and serial output are all derived from the displayed value, they will respond at the same rate as the filtered display.



See also Filter Jump setting in the Advanced Menu, if your signal is particularly noisy and you cannot get sufficient smoothing with this filter.

Filter Jump value

See the Easy/Advanced mode selection page near the beginning of this manual, and choose advanced mode.

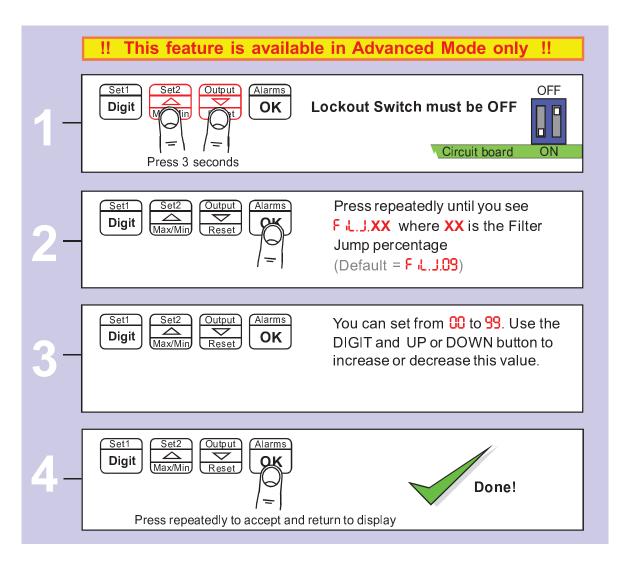
The Filter Jump value allows you to decide how the display will respond to a process step change. It does this by overriding the filtering, if the input signal moves by more than a chosen amount in one conversion. The Filter Jump default value is 10%.

This means that for noise amplitude which has a peak value of less than 10% of the input range, filtering will be applied. Any signal movement greater than 10% of the input range will cause the display to jump immediately to that value, without filtering. After that jump, normal filtering will be re-applied, provided signal movement thereafter is less than 10% per conversion.

Guidance:

For noisy systems, increase the Filter Jump value up to a maximum of 99. Choose a value which gives a good compromise between filtering and response speed.

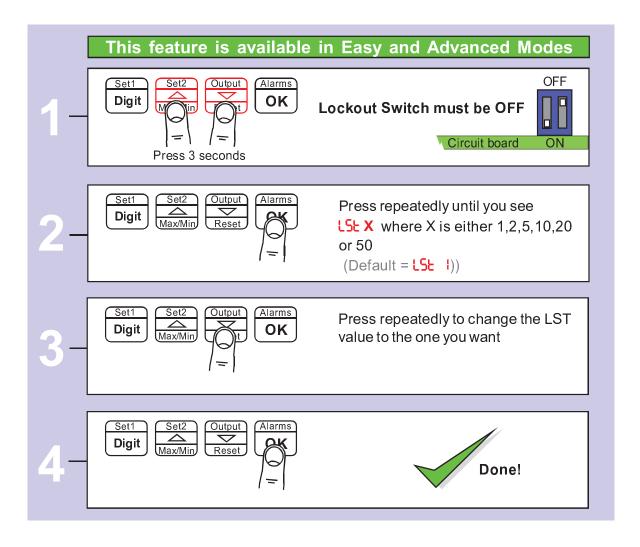
For reasonably clean signals, a Filter Jump value of around 10 or less will give a good compromise between filtering and response speed to step change inputs.



Last Digit rounding up by 1, 2, 5, 10, 20 or 50

You can adjust the way the display rounds up, which is useful if you want to display a very large number, but do not want jitter on the last digit.

The display can be set to round up to the nearest 1 (no rounding) 2, 5, 10, 20 or 50



Scale Factor adjustment

After you have calibrated your meter, you can use the SCALE feature to make fine adjustments to calibration, without affecting the calibration itself.

Examples

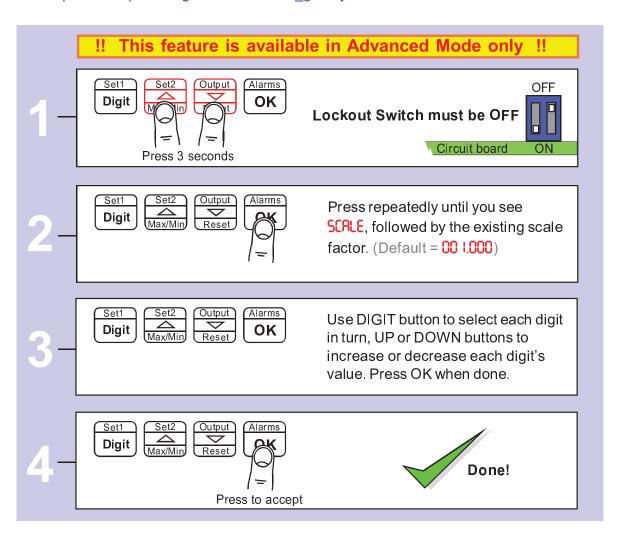
1. Changing weight units of measure from kg to pounds

You could also use the SCALE to convert your readout from kg to pounds, without affecting the calibration. Simply set SCALE = 2.205 and your meter which was calibrated in kg will now read in pounds.

2. Correcting for gravitational variance

Your weighing system was calibrated where gravitational acceleration = 9.812m/s² (London) You then move the system to Bankok where gravitational acceleration is reduced to 9.782m/s²

You can correct for this difference by setting Scale = 9.812 / 9.782 = 1.003, so that a given mass in Bangkok will show the same weight as it did in London. Set Offset = 0.0000 See http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Earth%27s gravity

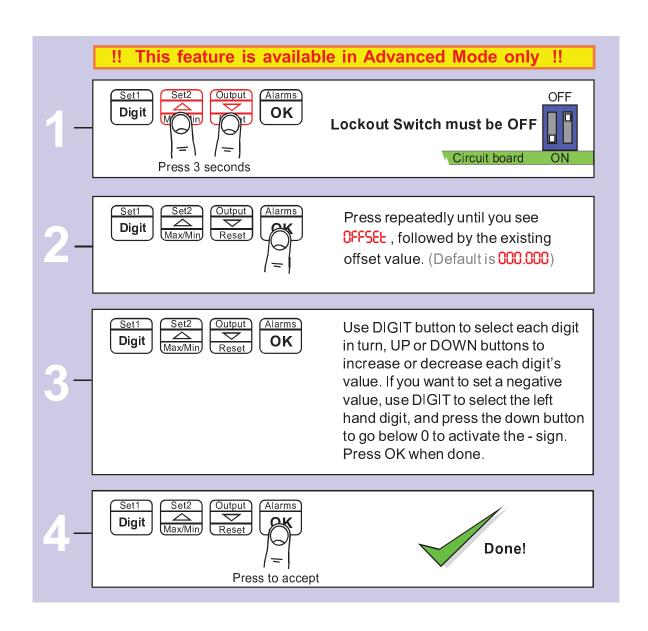


You may want to adjust an offset value also, see separate OFFSET page for this feature.

Offset adjustment

After you have calibrated your meter, you can use the OFFSEL feature to make fine additions or subtractions to the reading, without affecting the calibration itself.

For example if your weighing structure is altered after calibration and you want to subtract the effect of 37kg of extra metalwork which was welded to the hopper, you can easily do this by entering a value of -37 in the offset value.

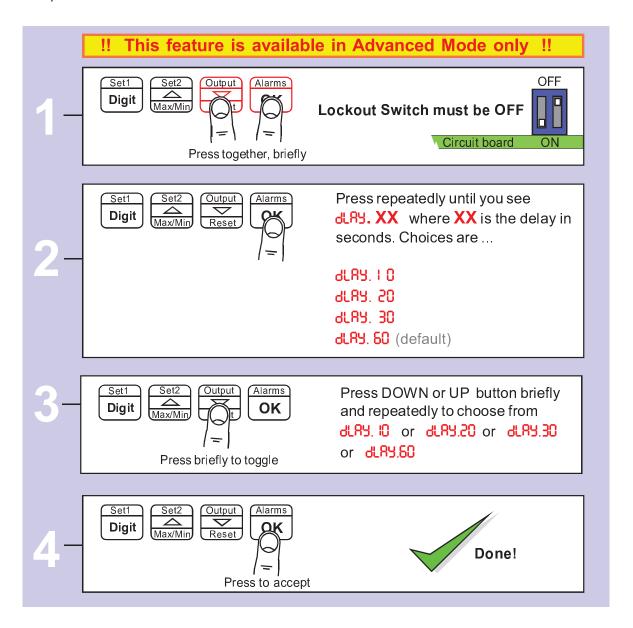


You may want to adjust a SCALE FACTOR value also, without affecting calibration. See the separate SCALE page for this feature.

Menu timeout adjustment

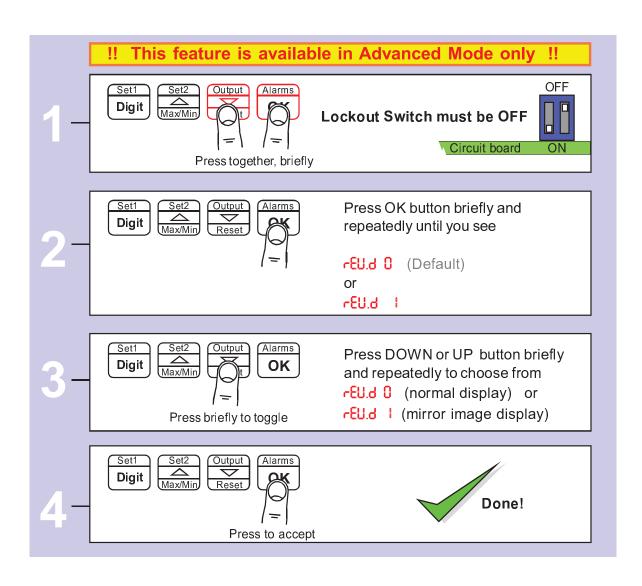
The display has a default timeout of 60 seconds, to allow you sufficient time to refer to the manual between key operations.

You can make this period shorter, if you wish, once you become more familiar with the setup method.



Reverse Display function (mirror image)

If you need to be able to see a reflection of the display in a mirror or other reflective surface, for example in a simple heads-up system, or for drivers reversing into a bay, using mirrors only, you can set the display to show as a mirror image.





Example of normal display format displaying the number 876543



Example of Mirror Reverse display format displaying the number 876543

Bootup routine choices

When you switch on your meter, it can be set to power up with 3 possible summary message combinations.

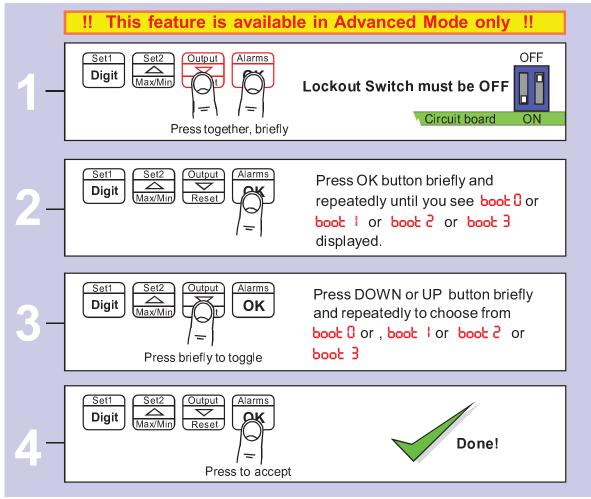
The choices are:-

book 0 = Segment test, followed by a full summary of software revision, calibration audit number, model number, installed options.

book 1 = Segment test followed by model number (Default)

book 2 = No summary, meter displays the measurement value immmediately power is applied.

book 3 = Segment test remains permanently enabled until any button is pressed





You can trigger the full summary message whenever you want, without having to power the meter off, by pressing and holding the 2 outer buttons (Set1 + Alarms) for more than 3 seconds.

Multi-Program Memory option MEM

The three contact closure inputs on the rear of the meter may be used to call up between 1 to 7 additional meter setup memories (pages), if the MEM option has been installed. This allows you to save up to 8 complete sets of independent calibrations, alarm settings, analogue output settings and serial comms settings.

First decide how many memory pages you want, as this will determine how many logic inputs you will need to use for the addressing. Logic inputs not required for Page Addressing can be used for other functions such as Tare, Reset, Display Hold, Peak/Valley display.

If you have used all 3 logic inputs for Page Addressing, you can still use the meter's front panel buttons to perform Tare, Reset and peak/Valley view.

See "Contact Closure Input Functions" page for CC.1, CC.2, CC.3 and COP settings

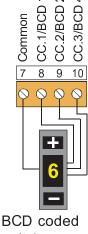
Total number of negaci	Logic Inpute required for addressing
Total number of pages	Logic Inputs required for addressing
1	none, standard single page meter
2	1 Set CC.1 = PA.1
3 or 4	2 Set CC.1 = PA.1, Set CC.2 = PA.2
5 to 8	3 Set CC.1 = PA.1, Set CC.2 = PA.2, Set CC.3 = PA.4

- 1. Set lockout switches OFF, and set page address to 0 or unplug the logic connector.
- 2. Set the copy instruction to COP. I in page address 0 (found after you set CC3).
- 3. Press all 4 buttons together, display shows defs.
- 4. Press the Up arrow to change display to dEF5. 4 and press OK.
- 5. If you want all channels to share a common setting, eg calibration, do that setting now.
- 6. When you want to do separate settings for each channel, set COP.0

Programming and recalling individual pages

Plug the logic input connector back in, if you removed it earlier. Select a page address using the switch combinations shown below, wired to the Logic Input connector ...

Page address 0	All logic inputs open
Page address 1	CC.1 closed to Common
Page address 2	CC.2 closed to Common
Page address 3	CC.1 and CC.2 closed to Common
Page address 4	CC.4 closed to Common
Page address 5	CC.1 and CC.3 closed to Common
Page address 6	CC.2 and CC.3 closed to Common
Page address 7	All logic inputs closed to Common



switch

Perform the settings you require, according to the pages in this manual. Do this for all page addresses required. Then put the lockout switch in its ON position. Now, if you select a page address, the meter will briefly confirm the chosen page address on screen, and will then function according to the settings you programmed for that address.

Suitable BCD coded switches are available from many electrical supply stores. For example consider Kraus & Naimer part A540-600 E24 or Apem part number IRBC10N1248 or London Electronics part number SW2P-8W-BCD, which also provides separate 2 pole 8 way signal selection function.

Error codes and fault finding



1. Under Range. The meter is being asked to display a value which is more negative than its limit of -199999



2. Over Range. The meter is being asked to display a value which is higher than its limit of 999999

These fault codes could be displayed because the signal is too negative, too positive, or because there is a wiring error, or because the display's scaling has been adjusted to give excessive sensitivity, or because there is a fault in the display.

a. If you are connecting a 4-20mA signal to the display, please measure the DC millivolt signal between terminals 2(-) and 3(+) Ideally, you will measure 132mV at 4mA and 660mV at 20mA.

If the voltage is much higher, there may be a problem with the 33 Ohm input shunt resistor.

You can verify this as follows...

Remove the input signal and power connectors to the meter, and measure the resistance between terminals 2 and 3. This should be 33 Ohms. If it is more than this, the resistor has probably been overloaded and burned by having a voltage connected across it. Please check your field wiring to ensure that no more than 30mA or 1V can be applied to the current input terminals.

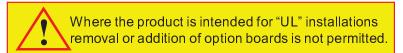
Sometimes excessive current can feed to the current input of the display if your 2 wire 4-20mA transmitter is faulty or is wired incorrectly, because we rely on the transmitter to regulate the loop current between 4 and 20mA. The excitation power supply for the loop may have a much higher capacity than 20mA.

b. If the measurements above were satisfactory, the problem may be caused by the scaling being too sensitive.

If you are happy to do so, it is a simple matter to reset the display's scaling to the factory default conditions. Put the lockout switch off and press all 4 buttons together for around 3 seconds until the display shows "dEFS n". Then press the UP button once so the display shows "dEFS Y". Now press the OK button and the display will be reset to factory defaults.

If still no success, please return the display to us for the attention of our QA Manager, with a report of what you found, for repair.

How to install option boards

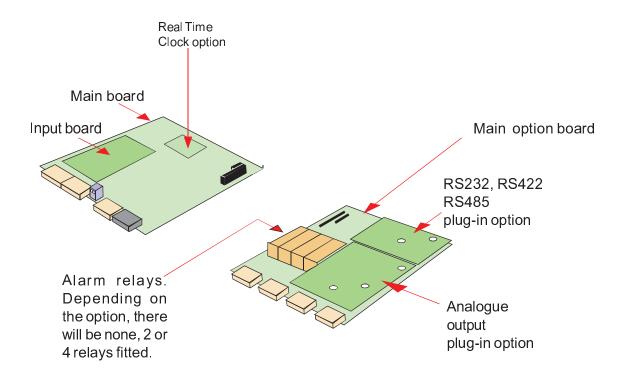




If you want to open your display to install or modify option boards, follow these steps...

- 1) Switch off power to the display and unplug all connectors.
- 2) Undo all the thumb screws on the rear case, store them safely and remove the back panel
- 3) Locate the main option board, which will be similar in appearance to the diagram below. If a main option board is absent, which will be the case if the display was ordered without any output options, then a main option board will need to be fitted.

The board assemblies will look like this...



The analogue output and RS232 or RS422 plug-in option boards are fixed to the main option board with white plastic pillars. You must apply a firm force when fitting or removing these options.

Always be careful to connect the pins to sockets accurately. When reassembling, make sure option boards are firmly fixed to the upper option board.

Waste Electrical Electronic Equipment (WEEE)

In Europe, this equipment must be disposed of in accordance with European Parliamentary Directive 2002/96/EC

This directive encourages recycling and the reduction of waste materials in the environment.

This means it <u>must</u> be sent to an approved recycling plant if you want to dispose of it.

It must not be thrown away with general rubbish.



If you are unable to dispose of this item locally, you may send it to us for recycling.

Conditions:

- 1. We will only accept items of our manufacture.
- 2. You must pay for the transport of the goods to us.
- 3. We will only accept items if they include a signed declaration by an authorised person in your organisation, stating that:
 - i. The item is safe to handle and has no contaminants which may be harmful to health.
 - ii. You wish us to dispose of or destroy the item(s)

Equipment Specifications

Case Material Heavy duty welded uPVC

Connectors Internal detachable Screw Terminal connectors accessed via

compression glands

Environmental Storage Temperature range -20 to +70C, non condensing

Operating temperature range 0 to 50C. Internal heater option

available for use in conditions down to -25C

Power 100-240 VAC, 48VAC 45 to 60Hz, 11-30 VDC optional

Burden 40VA maximum

Sealing IP65 all round, provided the display is mounted vertically and that all

cable glands and rear case-closure screws are properly secured.

Input Signals (bipolar) 0-10V, 0-5V, 1-5V, 0-10mA, 0-20mA, 4-20mA 1 Megohm for voltage, 33 Ohms for current inputs

Accuracy +/-0.05% of range. Allow 30 minutes to reach vthermal equilibrium.

Span tempco 25 ppm/Degree Celsius 30 ppm/Degree Celsius 31/PC period rated at 6

24V Excitation voltage 24VDC nominal rated at 60mA 10V Excitation voltage 10VDC nominal rated at 20mA

Filtering / **smoothing** Selectable time constants of 0 to 25 seconds.

A/D conversion Sigma-Delta 10 conversions per second, 50/60Hz rejection

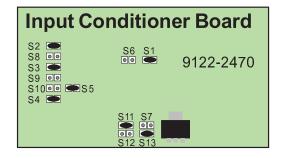
Resolution 1 in 400 000 max. over full range

Display update rate 10 readings per second.

Display Range (max) -199999 to +199999, depending on available signal level.

Plug-In Output Options

Manuals and specifications available from our website



Default Input configuration switches Link S1, S2, S3, S4, S5, S11, S13. Open S6, S7,S8, S9, S10, S12

Excitation voltages

5V DC Link S11. Open S7 and S12 and S13 10V DC Link S11 and S7. Open S12 and S13

24V DC Link S11 and S13. Open S7 and S12 (default)